went on to explain, "But the F.B.I. has not been given authority by the Congress to 'clear' the name of any citizen who has been falsely accused of association with subversive organizations."

Sadly I reported my fallure to my friend. Chance revealed a few days later how desperate his financial position had become. We at the NAACP had asked him to speak in the Westchester County Center in White Plains at a memorial meeting for two peaceful Negroes who had been killed in cold blood by an ex-policeman because the latter objected to the men drinking a glass of beer in a public tavern. Canada Lee had promised to meet us promptly at seven o'clock to drive to White Plains but failed to show up on time-most unusual for him. Later we found that he did not have taxi fare. In a torrential rainstorm he had to walk. He had only forty cents in his pocket. But what disturbed him most was the fact that he had been forced that afternoon to refuse a loan to an aging actor. "I'll get that $\$ 10$ for him tomorrow," Canada Lee said.

It is possible that his great and gallant heart might have stopped even though privation and prejudice had not made his last few years a Golgotha. It is even more possible that Canada Lee's great fame and ability might have been used by a kinder and wiser America to furnish the answer to the Paul Robesons who, unlike Mr. Lee, appear to have lost faith in democracy.

Two days before his tragic death I received a long and impassioned letter from



20 West 40th Street, New york 18, N.


Dear Mr. Hoover:
December 17, 1952


Last week in Florida the enclosed card was given me reading:
"FIGHT COMMUNISM
Keep Negroes out of White Schools JOIN NOW
Southern Knights.
K.K.K.
P. O. Box 1132

Station A
St. Petersburg, Florida."
We would greatly appreciate your ordering an investigation by the FBI. Should the U. S. Supreme Court, in the cases, argued before it December 9-11, declare segregation
 In public schools unconstitutional, there may be several outfits which capitalize on racial and religious bigotry which may attempt to stir up trouble. Action by the FBI to nip this would be of great value in preventing others from creating disorder which we as a nation can 111 afford at this critical juncture of world history. th.
and
 will be glad to cooperate with you in your investigation.


Mr . J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C. WW:


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## GHENT COMMUNISM

Keep Negroes Out of White Schools JOIN NOW！ SOUTHERN KNIGHTS尽。尽。尽。
P．O．Box 11.32 Station A

St．Petersburg．Florida



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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS TNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-04-2007 BY 60324 MUC EhTT/CPB/RYS

$10: 03$

April 28. 1953

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& \text { ak. Hidezt }
\end{aligned}
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During the course of wif converantion with the Attoraey General on another matter ke puentioned that Mr. inalter white and hie sroup from, the Srational Association for the Advancenent of Colored People are eoming ia to see mon friday at $4: 30$. He wondered if we bad anything in the field of Civil Rights which he ought to fnow edout. I told him I did not but that it might be weil for us to prepare a manortandun for him on the things that have seen done; that we heve had a pretty yood record in that field and hir. inte has treen rather commeadatory oî us in letters as whell an some of his aritcles. I stated I did not know what trail he wall on now; that he very arderatly unpported our position in the civin ktythe cases in Hev. Fori and alto in the cares initiated in Namm. I stated it might se well for u* to bave a menorandum along this hae so that if ae has any criticiams or complaint at least he, the Attorney cieneral, caa gotat out the good thinge the Liepartment has dome. The Atturacy General stated this would be very helptul and I told hime i would have a memorandum to him within the next day.

## ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREN IS U:CLASSIFIED








Frank'ia H. Millioms
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Now York, N. Y.


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Guests who have appeared on the Walter White Show - WLIB
Mrs. Eleanorinoosevelt
Senator Hubertfrimphrey
Mr. Averel Harriman
Senator fuentes, Kefauver,


Chestemontes
Senator Herbert Lehman
Dr. Chinning H- arias
President of Haiti, Paul-magloire



Mrs. Clare Boothewe
Rep. Helen Gahagar Douglas


Senatof Waynemarse

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Senator Irving we


Bishop Henry Knox Sherrill
Gov. Luisthunozithrarin
W. Stuart Dymington


Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr.

b6

Robert F Wagner
by
b 7 C
-2- December 21, 1953

this cablegram may induce them to change their minds.
Returning to the radio program. I would very much appreciate the letter you agreed to send me expressing your opinion of it. I believe it and several others, including one from the War Department, may possible restore tne program to Washington and perhaps cause it to be heard in other cities.


Walter White

Mr. J.-Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.
WW
Enclosures


JNE 1-3 BOOK MESSAGE, DEFERRED CABLE DECEMBER 17, 1953

JNE 1
83585
C/O NEUTRAL NATTUNS REPATRIATION COMMISSION
b6
PANMUNJOM, KOREA
b7c
JNE 2
C/O NEUTRAL NATIONS REPATRIATION COMMISSION PANMUNJOM, KOREA

JNE 3
 PANMUNJOM, KOREA
AS A FELLOW NEGRO AMERICAN MAY I URGE YOU RECONSIDER YOUR ABANDONMENT OF DEMOCRACY AND EMBRACING OF COMMUNJ.SM. I DO NOT FOR A MOMENT ASSERT THAT FULL FREEDOM FOR THE AMERICAN NEGRO HAS BEEN WON OR THAT WE ARE YET NEAR THAT GOAL. BUT DURING THE THIRJ.Y-FIVE YEARS I HAVE BEEN PRIVILEGED TO WORK FOR JUSTICE AND TOTAL EQUALIIY THROUGH NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE I HAVE SEEN MANY CHANGES FOR THE BETTCR. THERE HAVE BEEN NUMEROUS SUCH CHANGES SINCE YOU LEFT. YOU NOW SERVE IN AN UNSEGREGATED AMERICAN ARMY AND IN WASHINGTON, D. C., TODAY YOU CAN EAT IN ANY RESTAURANT, WHICH WAS NOT TRUE WHEN YOU LEFT. UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HAS JUST HEARD ARGUMENDIS ON ABOLITION OF SEGREGATION IN ALL PUBLIC EDUCATION. WE ARE CONFIDFNT THAT WE HAVE AN EXCELLENT CHANCE OH WINNING. BUT IT WE DO NOT WE SHALL GO BACK AGAIN AND AGAIN TO more-

## ALL MESSAGES TAKÉN EvHIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT THE FOLLÖWING TERMS:

To guard against mistakes or delays, tho sender of a message should order it repeatel, that is, telegraphed bac's to the originating omee for comparison. For ,his, une-half the unrepeated mensage rate is charged in addition Unle:

1. The Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmisalon or deliv cry, or for non-delfivery, of any message received for trangmisafon at the unrepeated-message rate beyond the sum of ave hundred dollars nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or foll delays artsing from unsvoldable finterraption in the workjag of tis lines.

2 In any event the Company shall not be llable for damnges for mistakes or delays in the transmission or dollilary, or for the non- at which amount the sender of each mesnage representa that
 the message is vajued, unjesa a greater value eqstated onetrenth of one per cent of the amount by which such valuation shalf exceed five thousand dollars,
2. The Company is herebs made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward this message over the lines of any other company when necessary to reach ita deatination.
3. Excent as otherwise indicsted in connection with the listing of individual places in the flied tariffs of the Company, the amount pald for the transralssion of a domestic telegram隹 more inbabitants where, as sbown by the flled tariff of the company, the telegraph service li performed through the agency of a ralimad company within one malle of the telegraph ofice. in citics no towns of less than 500 inhabitants in which an otace of the Company is locsted, plithin one-halif mile of the telegraph ompe Beyond the limits above specined the Company oes not undertake to make delvery, but will endeavor to arrange ior cit is not collected from the sender, with the understanding that ine sender authoriferies made by telephone within charge from the addressee and agrees to pay such addit lonal charge if it is not collect
the corporate limlis of any city or town lo which an ofice of the Company is located
4. No responsfbility attaches to this Company concerning mesgages until the same are accepted at one of its trangmitting omees; and if a message is sent to such omee by one of the Company's messengirs, he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.

6 The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in the case of any message except an intrastate mesaage in Texas where the claim is not presented in writing the Company within sixty days after the measage is fled with the Company for transmission, snd in the case of an Intrastate message in Texas the Company wilinnt be liable for ianmages or statutory penaltiles where the claim 1s not presented in writing to the company within pinecy-nve days ant Come causications Act of 1934 .
7. It is agreed that in any action by the Company to recover the tolls for any mepsage or messages the prompt and correctitransmisalon and dellvety thereof shall be preaumed. to rebuttal by competent evidence.
to all the foregoing terms
9. No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.
CLASSES OF SERVICE

## DOMESTIC SERVICES

## FULL RATE TELEGRAMS

A full rate expedited service

## DAY LETTERS

A deferred service at lower than the full rate

## SERIALS

Meesagcs sent in sections during the same day.

## NIGHT LETTERS

ccepted up to 2 A M for delivery not eariler than the tollowing moralog at rates ubstantially lower than the full rate telegram or day letter rates.

## INTERNATIONAL SERVICES

## FULL RATE (FR)

The standard fast service at full rates May be written in any langunge that can be expressed in Roman letters, or in secret language A minimum charge for 5 words applics

## LETTER TELEGRAM (LT)

Overnight plain language messages Minimum charge for 22 words applies

## VICTORY LETTER TELEGRAM (VLT)

Overnight plain language messages to armed forces overseas Minlmum oharge for 10 words appiles -

SHIP RADIOGRAM
A service to und from ships at sea Plain or secret language may be used Minimum charge for 5 words applles


Send the following message, subject to the torms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to
63506
THE COURTS OF LAW AND OF PUBLIC OPINION UNTIL EVERY VESTIGE OF SEGREGATION OR DISCRIMINATION BASED ON RACE, RELIGION, COLOR OR NATIONAL ORIGIN IS ELIMINATED FROM AMERICAN LIF E. WE URGE YOU TO COME HOME AND JOIN IN THAT FIGHT.

WALTER WHITE, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE
20 West 40 th Street, New York, N. Y.

## 

To guard against mistakes or delays the sender of a message should order it repeatid, that fs, telegraphed bses, to the originating ownee for comparison. For this, Jne-half the unrepeatot message rate is charged In addition. Unless

1. The Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmlssion or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any measage recelved for transmission at the unrepcated-mesage rato beyond the sum of nve bund messege ate

2 In any event the Company shall not be liable for damages for mistakes or delays in the transmisgion or dellivery, or for the non-dellivery, of any message. whether caused by the negligence messare is valued unless a greater value is stated in writing by the sender thereof at the time the message is tendered for transmission, and unless the repeated-message rate is pald or aereed to be paid, and an additional charge equal to one-tenth of one per cent of the amount by which such valuation shall exceed Dve thousand dollars.
8. The Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without lisbility, to forward thls message over the lineg of any other company when necessary to reach its deatination.
4. Except as othervise indicated In connection with the listing of individual places in tbe flled tariffs of the Ccmpany, the amount paid for the transmalsilon of a domeatic telegram
incoming cable or radio message covers its dellvery within the folfowing limits. In cities or towns of 5,000 or more inhabitants whero the Company has an omee which, as shown by the fled tarifs of the Cotapany, ts not operated through the agency of a rallioad company, within two milles of nny open main or branch omee of the Company in ritles or towns of 5 , 0 oo or more inhabitants wherc, as shown by the fled tarifis of the Company, the telegraph service is performed through the agency of a rallroad cornpany within one mille of the telegraph omce in citics or towns of less than 500 inhabitants in which an oftce of the Company ls located, withla one-halt mile of the telegraph oftice Beyond the limits above specined the Cornpany the corporate limits of any clty or town In which an omee of the Company is located
5. No responstblify attaches to this Company concerning messages ung
the Company's messengers, be acts for that purpose as the akent of the sender

6 The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in the case of any measage except an intrastase mesgage in Texas where the ciatm is not presented in writhe俍 or stafutory prnaltics where the claim is not presented in writing to the Company within ningty-five daysafter the cause of action, If any, gha
of these condilions shall apply to clajms for damages or overcharges withla the purview of Se stion 415 of the Communications Act of 1934 .
7. It is agreed that in any action by the Company to recover the tolls for any message or messages the prompt and correct transmisuton and dellivery thereof ahall be presumed, and competent evidence.
to all the forezoling terms.
9. No employee of the Company to authorized to vary the foregolng.

CLASSES OF SERVICE

## DOMESTIC SERVICES

FULL RATE TELEGRAMS

A full rate expedited service

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A deferred service at lower than the full rate

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Messages sent in sections duriag the same day.

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Accepted up to $2 \mathrm{~A} M$ for delivery not eariler than the tollowing morning af ratee substantlally lower than the full rate telegram or day letter ratea.

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VICTORY LETTER TELEGRAM (VLT)
Overnight plain language messages to armed forces overseas Minimum oharge for 10 words applies

## SHIP RADIOGRAM

A cervice to and trom ships at sea Plain or secret language may be used Minjmum charge for 5 words applles
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JJM:BAR (\#7)
NY 100~7629

## PAGE 2



Tranad the follering Teletys nemeage to: BUREAU
WAS A MEMEER CF THE PRO COMMUIST GROUP AND AS SUCH WAS A DISRUPTER OF NAAC: AFFAIRS TO SUCH AN FXTENT THAT WYTTE•FINALLY FHLCETED HIM TD DIRECTCR HOOVER AND ADVISED THE DIRECTOR THAT IF IT WAS NECESSARY TC reND A MAN JNTO PHE NAACT ONE SHOULD BE SFLECTED WHO WOULD NOT IISRUPM rraf AONIVT TY OF THE


 HAPVFYS FFSTAURANT TN WASHINGTON, D.C. WHF:RP NR. 'OOVFE NAS Y TITF COYPAITY
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1 M HAVE MC CARTHY CALL ME TC TWSTIFY SO THAT I CNULD: ODUCI: THI二 I TTER AS AN INDICATICN OF THE TYPF, OF CIIT TEN I AM". $\square$ ADVIDED THE FOLIOORNG NERP IN ATTENDANCE DURING THE HOST BANQUETT GATHERING:

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$\square$ AISC ADVISİD THAT AT THE YRESENT TINE $\square$ FOR NAACP。 ACCCFDING TO $\qquad$
NEGPO, IS $\square$ JUNDER THF NATE
$\square$ CONFIDFNTIAL JNFOPMANT, $\square$
Thume $\square$ ATTENDED THEF LENIN SCHOOL AT MOSCOW. THE ABCVE IS BEING TRN So SURMTTTED FOR THE INFO/TFF BURFAU AND NO FURTHER INQUIRY WILL BF MADE IN IUIS 2-4.S.4 1 LATTRR VACB.

sent

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
 FOLLOWING APPEARS IN COLUMN BY WALTER WHITE, HEADED NOEAE IS NOD SAFE - SMEAR OF WARREN RAISES QUESTION IN ISSUES FEB. TWENTYFIFTH, THE EVENING BULLETIN, PHILA HOW WIDESPREAD AND IMMEDIATE THE DANGER IS TO THE REPUTATION OF EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHIL IN THE UNITED STATES WAS REVEALED TO THIS COMMENTATOR RECENTLY BY ONA OF THE ABLEST AND MOST CONSERVATIVE LAWYERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

HE TOLD ME IN DAZED UNBELIEF HOW A GOUERNMENT INUESTIGATOR had COME TO HIS OFFICE TO MAKE ENQUIRIES ABOUT THE LOYALTY AND |MORAL CHARACTER OF ONE OF THE NATION-S TOP BANKERS WHO HAD MADE GREA FINANCIAL SACRIFICES DURING AND AFTER THE WAR TO SERVE HIS COUNTRY ||brilliantly. the lawyer was so indignant that so able and unselfi\$h A CITIZEE SHOULD BE SUBJECT ED TO THE HUMILIATION OF ENQUIRY AMONG AIS FRIENDS AND ASSOCIATES, THE FBI INVESTIGATOR EXPLAINED APOLCGETICALLV THAT AN ANONYMOUS LETTER FORCED HIM TO MAKE THE INVESTIGATION, ANB TA HE WAS MERELY DOING THE TASK ASSIGNED TO HIM. QOOTP. PRESS INQUIRE IF


## Office Memorandum • untrod starts government

 TO Mr. JolsonDATE: Feb.



FROM :
L. B. Nichols

Repine bax ute
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREDES UMRABMIFIED DATE $4 / 8 / 81$ BYSP-16SK/mm
Porn in With reference to the teletype from the Philadelphia Field Office reporting the item in Walter Whites's column in the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin for February 25th, referring to an Agent apologizing for making an investigation of one of the nations top bankers on the ground an anonymous letter forced him to make the investigation, I desire to advise I talked to White about this today and asked White if he could identify the case for me, although I was not interested in inquiring into his sources of information. White stated his source of information was a very reputable, conservative lawyer; that he would vouch for this lawyer on a stack of Bibles. He stated the lawyer had told him the story two or three weeks ago and also related that other persons interviewed had commented on the waste of time in investigating the banker; that the lawyer would be in New York on Monday and White would prefer to talk to the lawyer and get his approval to furnish me the full story which the lawyer had told him, along with the identification of the case.

White stated his item in his column was not intended to be critical; that the lawyer was not critical of the FBI but was critical of the system and of placing unnecessary burdens on the FBI. I told White I, of course, did not want to dispute him but if this were the case, then I thought he could have made this point clear in his column; that any person reading the column would construe this as a disclosure of some impropriety on the part of the FBI; that we, of course, were not protesting that at the moment because we did not know the facts; that we wanted to get the facts and if the facts supported what White said, we wanted to look into them; if they did not, we would want, of course, to have the correct facts used.

White, stated he thoroughly agreed and would call me on Monday. If he does not call me on Monday, I will get after him on Monday afternoon.

LAN: MP

## STANDARD FORM MO, 84

## Office 'Memorandum - united states government

# TO 

FROM :
sUBJECT:

By memo to Mr. Tolson dated February 26, 19.54, you advised of item appearing in Walter White's column in Philadelphia Evening Bulletin on February 25, 1954, referring to SA apologizing for conducting investigation of one of Nation's top bankers on the grounds that an anonymous letter forced him to make the investigation. You further advised you had talked to walter white concerning this, and White said his information had come from very reputable lawyer who was reliable. White indicated neither he nor lawyer intended to be critical of FBI. White said he would check with lawyer, to get his approval to furnish the full story. White called you on March 1, 1954, to advise that Bethuel Webster, President of New York City Bar, was the person who had been interviewed. The banker who was being investigated was

Energy applicant investigation of
Bureau conducted Atomic was intervicad $l$ investigation was conducted by SA anonymous letter concerning referred to in Walter White's Selma, it is noted Bufiles reflect an anonymous letter dated and letter alleged
G-2 and that were not for letter sent to demo containing information regarding anonymous, Attorney General advised he referred Dawson, administrative assistant to President who in turn brought it to attention of Secretary of" State. AEA applicant reports in summer 21953 referred to Sherman Adams at White. House, as well as to ONI. Last efficiency report of SA $\square$ of New York reflects favorably upon, his maturity, judgment and discretion, as well as $\quad 己$ attitude tequard work.
cc - Mr sent Nichols Mr. Boardman Mr. Posen

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols
March 3, '1954

RECOMMENDATION:
(1) That SAC Kelly of the New York office be telephonically instructed to immediately question $S A$ concerning his by interview with Webster in June, 1953, during the investigation b7c of memorandum from
and that SAC Kelly be instructed to obtain a detailed
$\qquad$ concerning this matter.

(2) In the event that $S A$ $\square$ denies having mentioned an anonymous letter regarding $\qquad$ to Webster, it is felt that SAC Kelly should be instructed to personally contact Webster and inquire when the interview was conducted in which mention was made of the anonymous letter. In this regard, it is noted that the interview with Webster by the New York Office was in June, 1953, whereas the item concerning the interview did not appear in Walter White's column until February 25, 1954--eight months later. It has further been noted that other governmental agencies have, in the past, expressed interest in $\square$ we 3 sHouLd ERめL4\% 4 13 as is for INv. ag pry of Congress.



## DETA:ILS:

By memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated February 26, 1954, you advised that the Philadelphia Office had reported an item had appeared in Walter White's column in the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin on February 25, 1954, referring to an Agent apologizing for conducting an investigation of one of the Nation's top bankers on the ground that an anonymous letter forced him to make the investigation.

In your memorandum of February 26, 1954, you advised that you had talked to Walter White concerning this matter and had asked White if he could identify the case. White said his source of information was a very reputable, conservative lawyer and that he would vouch for the lawyer "on a stack of Bibles." According to White, the lawyer related that other persons interviewed had commented on the waste of time in investigating the banker. White said he would talk to the lawyer and get his approval to furnish you the full story. Additionally, White stated his column was not intended to be critical and that the lawyer was not critical of the FBI but was critical of the system and of placing unnecessary burdens on the Bureau. You told White that anyone reading the column would construe it as a disclosure of some impropriety on the part of the FBI; that the Bureau wanted to get the facts and if the facts support what White said, we wanted to look into them. If the facts did not bear out the allegation, however, the Bureau would want to have the correct facts used.

In connection with this memorandum of February 26, 1954, the Director noted, "Try and get this nailed down. H."

On March 1, 1954, Walter White called you to advise that he had seen the lawyer who had been the source for the item which had appeared in his column in the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin on February 25, 1954. White identified the source as Bethuel Webster, President of the New York City Bar Association. According to White, Webster felt without any loriticism whatever toward the Bureau that it was highly improper to investigate a man of the standing of the banker on the basis of some crazy letter. He identified the banker as on the basis
(true name.


Bufiles reflect that $\square$ has been investigated only on one occasion by the Bureau. In June and July, 1953, the Bureau investigated $\square$ as an Atomic Energy Act applicant. The investigation was requested by the Atomic Energy Commission and was conducted by the Bureau in accordance with its responsibilities under Public Law H28 of the 82nd Congress, passed on April 5, 1952. Following receipt of an Atomic Energy Commission personnel security questionndire, the Bureau's AEA applicant investigation was opened on June 5, 1953. Copies of the letter opening the investigation were sent to New York, Washington Field Office, Boston and Baltimore.


On June 22, 1953, Sherman Adams, Assistant to the President, wrote the Director requesting name checks and investigations on individuals who were being considered for presidential appointments. Included in the list of individuals under the "name checks" category was $\square$ By letter dated June 26, 1953, the Director advised Mr. Adams that the Bureau was conducting an Atomic Energy act applicant investigation relative to and that Mr. Adams would be promptly advised of the results upon the completion of the inquiry.

By letter dated July 17, 1953, the Director furnished Mr. Adams eleven investigative reports concerning $\square$ as well as Photostatic copies of hearings held before the Special Committee of the Committee on Military Affairs, House of Representatives, on February 27, 1945, pertaining to Copies of the investigative reports were, of course, also furnished to the Atomic Energy Commission, and copies of reports concerning $\qquad$ also were furnished to ONI.

By report dated July 1, 1953, SA $\qquad$ reported the results of investigation conducted by the New York affice in connection with the AEA applicant investigation of On page 8 and 9 of this report an interview with Bethuel Webster, President of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, is set forth. Webster is reflegted in the report as commenting favorably concerning
IDENTICAL TO ANONYMOUS LETTER REFERRED TO IN WHITE'S COLUMN:

"In an-anonymous letter to the President dated September 28, 1945, information was set out concerning $\qquad$ in this letter the individual who wrote the letter stated that he had served with $\qquad$ in Military Intelligence. A State Department contact advised that the author of this letter was a

who was at one time attached to the The letter stated that when
he brought with him numerous young lawyers who were personally loyal to him from his own law firm and similar law jirms and included in this group was Regarding
pro-Communist belief's,
the writer of this communication stated 'he has been the vigorous leader of a pro-Communist group within G-2 to a point where he attempted to have the truth presented not from the simple American point of view but in the light most favorable to the Russians. A study of the personnel in G-2 will reveal that he permitted officials with known Communist leanings to sit in positions where they could influence the presentation of intelligence.' The letter continued 'There is a saying in G-2 that would not have lasted one week if his former law partner,
$\qquad$ were not in a position of importance.' '"

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

March 3, 1954

At the conclusion of the memorandum to peyton Ford dated December 27, 1950, the Director stated, "Your opinion is requested as to the advisability of conducting a loyalty investigation of $\square$ based on the foregoing information. b7c \|If no investigation is desired, please advise whether the information set out above should be referred to the civil service Commission and the employing agency or whether the loyalty form should be returned marked 'no disloyal data, FBI files.'"t
$\qquad$
The Bureau periodically followed this matter with Deputy Attorney General Peyton Ford. By memorandum dated August 20, 1951, Peyton Ford advised the Director, "The file in this case, including a copy of your confidential memorandum of December 27, 1950, has been brought to the attention of Honorable Donald S. Dawson, Administrative Assistant to the president, who has in turn brought it to the attention of the Secretary of State. This action was taken in order that the top officials who are concerned with the important matters in which $\square$ is engaged might be made aware of the allegations.
"It has been concluded by $\mathbb{M r}$. Dawson and the State Department that in view of the very vague and rather nebulous nature of the charges, which seem to apply to someone else rather than to an investigation is not justified. In view of this no investigation is required."

By memorandum dated September 6, 1951, Deputy Attorney General Peyton Ford advised the Director, "In view of the action which has been taken of furnishing the information to the secretary of State, it would appear that it would be sufficient to note on the form $\square$ loyalty form) that information in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation b7c has been furnished to the secretary of State with an added notation that no investigation is being conducted."

Regarding the anonymous letter to the President dated September 28, 1945, concerning $\square$ it is to be noted that the File Review Unit has checked all available references to $\square$ in an effort to determine whether the Bureau has a record of information pertaining to this anonymous letter being furnished to the New York office. Several references to $\square$ were out of file and not located; however, nearly 200 were reviewed by the File Review Section, and none of these disclose that the information concerning the anonymous letter had been furnished to the New Yort Office.

In regard to Bethuel Webster, a Loyalty of Government Employees investigation concerning Webster was conducted in 1949-50. The investigation was terminated by Webster's termination of employment with the Department of the Army in January, 1950. It should be noted that in an "Application for Federal Employment Form" executed by Webster in 1949,


SA $\square$ aparomatcilcy is the FBI Agent who interviewed Webster in regard to A brief review of his personnel file reveals that entered on duty as a Special Agent May 12, 1947, and that he has been assigned to the New York office since May 27, 1950. $\qquad$ has
been in GS-12 since August, 1951. In his last efficiency rating, dated March 31, 1953, $\square$ was rated as satisfactory and the notation was made that he showed capability for additional responsibility. It was observed that he had been assigned to the applicant section of the New York office for the entire period of April 1, 1952, to Narch 31, 1953. He was described as being mature and as possessing good judgment and discretion. It was observed that he had been assigned to the most complicated investigations on the applicant squad and had handled these assignments in an entirely satisfactory manner. It was noted that he had been assigned to interviewing prominent persons and that his contacts all had been handled well and he had proven himself to be an able representative of the Bureau. Additionally, his attitude toward his work was described as "consistently excellent," his voluntary overtime was well above the office average and his performance was "well above average."

It has previously been noted in this memorandum that other government agencies have shown an interest in and that information concerning the anonymous letter to the President pertaining to $\square$ is known to agencies other than the Bureau. whereas, the interview with Webster took place in June, 1953; in Walter White's column until February 25, 1954--eight not appear later. It is not unreasonable to suspect that an investigator from another government agency may have interviewed Webster sometime between July, 1953, and February, 1954, and made the statement concerning the anonymous letter.


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## Office Memorandum • vitrze starteg government

MR. TOLSON TO
L. B. NICHOLS

FROM : SU\&jECT:

COMINFIL NAACP, IS-C
Reference is made to the Air-Tel from New York, dated March 2, 1954, concerning the above-captioned matter, on page 2 of which there is a etatement that ${ }^{\text {" }}$, Walter White told a group which met at the home of $\qquad$ after the
NAACP banquet on January 30,1954 , that after recently meeting Mr. Hoover in Harvey's, Mr. Hoover sent White a letter of commendation. The Director noted: "Let me see this letter."

There is attached an incoming letter dated December 21, 1953, from White referring to a meeting with the Director the other evening in Harvey's at which time White's radio program was discussed. White asked the Director for a letter expressSing his opinion of the program. A reply was sent fo white on December 28, 1953, the yellow of which is attacheat in (100

It will be remembered that White wrote a newspaper column in the保iladelphia Bulletin on $2 / 25 / 54$ referring to an Agent apologizing to a lawyer for conducting an investigation of one of the nation's top bankers on the grounds that an anonymous letter forced him to make the investigation. After Mr. Nichols talked to White, White identified the lawyer as Bethuel Webster, the President of the New York City Bar Association.
In the referenced memorandum it was recommended that SAC Kelly of the New York Office, find out from of the New York. Office, who interviewed Webster in connection with an Atomic Energy Applicant investigation of $\qquad$ (the banker involved), in June, 1953, as to whether he mentioned an anonymous letter to Webster and that if $\square$ denied it, then Kelly was to interview Webster to get his story and to explain to him that the investigation by the Bureau in June, 1953, was conducted. pursuant to an Act of Congress and that the Bureau had no alternative except to conduct the investigation.

At $10: 05$ A.M., $3 / 8 / 54$, Mr. Kelly was appropriately advised by the writer. At $5: 45^{\circ}$ P.M., the same date, SAC Keliy advised that there was no reference in the New York files to any anonymous letter involving $\square$ and that Agent $\square$ had been interviewed by Mr. Kelly and stated he did not know of any letter and cortainly did not mention any letter to Mr. Webster; that $\qquad$ recallede the interview - that Mr. Webster was very courteous and spoke well of and that the interview was completely without incident.

The referenced memorandum referred to an anonymous letter which had been written to the President on-September 28, 1945, concerning. principally, $\square$ but it did mention and strted that if it wasn't for the connection between $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ and the fact that
 INDEXED - 9
cc: Mr. Nichols

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GCC : amb
 job, $\qquad$ wouldn't be able to hold a job in G-2 because of his b7c pro-Comunist attitude.

The referenced memorandum, Page 6, stated that nearly 200 file references were reviewed and there was no indication that the New York office had been advised of this letter.

After Mr. Kelly's call, a complete review was made of our files and this review definitely shows that the New York Office did not receive any information concerming the anonymous letter.

Mr. Kelly then stated that he would interview Bethuel Webster at the earliest possible moment.

At 1:20 P.M., 3/12/54, Mr. Kelly called and in the absence of the writer advised Supervisor $\square$ that he had interviewed Bethuel Webster and that Webster recalled having been contacted by Agent

He stated that Agent conducted hirseln montin letter to him; that conducted himself" in a perfectly proper manner; that at no tine did he make any apologles for having to make the investigation. He mentioned nothing concerning an anonymous letter and, according to Kelly, Webster sald he knew nothing about an anonymous letter. Webster recelved SAC Kelly very well and stated that the Agent conducted his interview in a brief, bright and thorough manner.

Mr. Webster spoke highly of the Director and indicated that he liked the Agents of the Bureau very much. Mr. Webster stated that he understood very well the Bureau's position in conducting the investigation of

Mr. Kelly advised that he was sending a detailed letter to the Bureau pertaining to this matter.

## RECOMIMENDATION:

It would appear that either White or Webster is a liar.
 Offic suggested that upon receipt of the letter from the New York advising him that we have been in touch with Mr. Webster and that Mr. Webster completely denies the story which appeared in White's






May 21, 1957


Your letter of May 12, 1951, has been received Lias Mr. Hoover's absence ircma the city, and I am ackrowledgtas


I mow he will appreciate the interest mich prompted you to commanticato with him.

## ancerely yours,



Eleven W. Genidy secretary


NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in/Bufiles. It is believed that he is referring to comments made on the Mike Wallace television program on May 5, 1957, at which time Wallace was interviewing a high official of the Eu Klux Klan. While the comments of Wallace are not-identrimble in Bufiles, it is believed that he had reference to a statement-furnf ied Walter White, Executive Secretary of the National Association for tho l Advancement of Colored People in December, 1953, in regard to Dints

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 ratio program. This statement, while not mentioning the NAKCP ane, commented on the contribution being made by White's prypanco What was alleged to have Dragged of tie 05otter fitim the Directer in an
 *it adrableto comment concerning correspondent's inquiries.

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